

13. What should we do when our computer files have been deleted accidentally? First, stop everything you're doing, including checking e-mails. "When you delete a file, the information isn't immediately erased, even if you've emptied your trash," says a computer specialist. "Your computer simply marks that file's spot on the hard drive as available to store other data." That means the more you use your computer, the more likely your hard drive will _____. Next, turn to recovery software like iSkysoft Data Recovery for Mac or Windows, which thoroughly scans your hard drive to retrieve deleted files.

- ① overwrite your deleted file with newer information
- ② begin to update the current files automatically
- ③ start to delete stored information selectively
- ④ sort out usable files and store them in a different place

14. It is important to keep things in your refrigerator fresh. What about butter? First of all, you'd better freeze bars you don't plan to use quickly. This will prevent spoilage and the scent absorption of, say, Chinese leftovers. In the refrigerator, unopened butter should last about four months. It can stay in the freezer for about a year. Leave wrapped sticks in the original carton, then enclose in double plastic freezer bags. One sign you need to freeze butter: _____, which means you're not using yours fast enough. Butter that is lighter on the inside than on the outside is no longer fresh, thanks to oxidation.

- ① oily wrap paper ② weird scent
- ③ inconsistent color ④ uneven surface

15. The issue of not assisting someone in distress is by no means a modern phenomenon; it was a matter of concern even in biblical times. Social psychologists have carried out many experiments in both field and laboratory to determine the factors influencing bystanders' responses to people who appear to be in distress. These studies reveal that if there are many bystanders, if someone else is perceived as an expert or as having more responsibility, if the situation is ambiguous, or if the person in distress is considered responsible for his or her own plight, then the observer is less likely to intervene. _____.

- ① People are basically so self-centered that they hate to be intruded by others
- ② The number of bystanders can vary according to a given situation
- ③ All of these conditions diminish the observer's responsibility
- ④ The task of helping someone in distress is not meaningful to all people

16. After more than a year and a half of investigative work, the Chicago's police and district attorney's office began moving last spring to break up a vast network of corrupt activity in the prison system. The web of graft they have uncovered is staggering in size and complexity. Within the city's jails, right and wrong

were turned upside down in a bizarre parody of law and order. Inmates locked up to prevent further wrongdoing continued to commit exactly the same crimes they had committed on the outside. And correctional personnel sworn to guard the prisoners instead _____.

- ① assisted them to clean their dirty hands
- ② abetted their criminal acts
- ③ showed indifference to basic duties
- ④ kept a wary eye on what was going on inside

17. In understanding the cause-and-effect relationships between two variables, the effect of one variable on another can be hidden by other variables for which no data have been obtained. For instance, a study of ticket price and attendance at a sporting event might show that higher ticket prices and higher attendance are related, since events with higher ticket prices seem to have greater attendance. One might be led to conclude that if you want to increase attendance at an event, _____. What is missing from this analysis is the variable of 'event popularity.' A Super Bowl football game is so special that people are willing to pay higher prices just to be there. A preseason football game, however, does not have the drawing power and may need lower ticket prices to ensure a reasonable crowd at the game.

- ① you should follow the market trend
- ② you should raise the price of the tickets
- ③ you should collect required data as a prerequisite
- ④ you should analyze variables attentively

18. Perhaps the one certainty we can hold about democracy is that _____. We may believe, as we do, that a democratic society is a precondition, though certainly not a guarantee, of human progress. But we must also acknowledge that democracy is a political system always in danger of decay from within and assault from without. Of all known arrangements for political rule, democracy makes the greatest demands upon human intelligence, activity, cooperation, and restraint. It depends on a high level of civilization and probably a certain degree of well-being. Only in a few Western countries has the historical experience of modern democracy, as it began with the French and American revolutions, been sustained for any length of time or with any notable success. And even in these countries - as the ghastly surrender of German society to Nazi totalitarianism showed - there can never be an easy assurance that democracy will be preserved.

- ① it is founded upon invisible rules
- ② it is inherently precarious
- ③ it promotes moral values
- ④ it presides over contemporary societies

[23-24] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

A recent ground-breaking research shows how certain foods and lifestyle changes can deactivate the genes that cause us to store fat. Here are a couple of key moves to tamp down the genes that contribute to weight gain. First, getting direct exposure to sunlight between 8:00 a.m. and noon reduces your risk of weight gain regardless of activity level, caloric intake, or age. It may seem bizarre, but it's true! It's possible that morning light synchronizes your metabolism and undercuts your fat genes. Next, _____. Our gut bacteria play a big role in keeping our fat genes in check by chomping on fiber and creating short-chain fatty acids (SCFAs) such as butyrate, which help tame our genetic propensity for weight gain and diabetes. When we take antibiotics for every sniffle that comes along, we create disorder in our gut bacteria and undermine their ability to create the SCFAs that keep our fat genes in check.

23. What does the passage suggest as a way of losing weight?

- ① Lowering your metabolic rate
- ② Doing exercise before sleep
- ③ Reducing caloric intake slowly
- ④ Going for a morning walk

24. Fill in the blank.

- ① Cut down on antibiotics.
- ② Increase the amount of exercise gradually
- ③ Eat diabetic food when necessary
- ④ Get ready for cleaning your stomach

[25-27] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

We can sometimes observe people whose general intellectual abilities are much lower than average but whose talent in a certain area is extraordinary. They are often called "savants." One interesting example of savants is 'language savant.' Christopher had a lot of difficulty doing routine things due to his low general intelligence. He needed help even when he buttoned his shirt or vacuumed the carpet. However, there was one thing he could do extremely well; he was able to speak and write more than 10 languages. He had not been taught those languages by language teachers or any specialists. Rather, he acquired them in his own way, like reading grammar books by himself. How can we reconcile the conflict between his poor intelligence and superb linguistic ability? One possibility seems to be to propose that language faculty has little to do with general intelligence. In other words, linguistic ability neither reflects nor presupposes general intellectual ability. In fact, such a proposal has been made by some linguists and psychologists. _____, little has been known so far about what makes it possible for language savants to have extraordinary talent. To know the truth, lots of research would be necessary on the ability of savants.

25. Fill in the blank.

- ① However
- ② In addition
- ③ To sum up
- ④ For instance

26. What is this passage about?

- ① The necessity of foreign language education for the disabled
- ② The definition of savants and their limitations in language learning
- ③ The importance of self-study in savants' language acquisition
- ④ The mystery of language savants' talent and low intelligence

27. Which of the following is correct about Christopher?

- ① He had an average nonverbal IQ while his language skills are unusual.
- ② He could do only simple jobs by himself such as vacuum cleaning.
- ③ Grammar books were helpful for him to learn many languages by himself.
- ④ He had a chance to learn more than 10 languages from language specialists.

[28-30] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The latest, popular trend in literature is to feature a dystopian landscape - a landscape plagued by inhospitable environments, broken social and political systems, or dark, end-of-days imagery. What has been most prominent as an attempt to add a unique edge to novels in the young adult genre such as *The Hunger Games* and *Divergent* has now seeped into adult literature. Although dystopian novels have long been common in the literary world, this new wave of dystopian works is drawing from new sources to reflect our changing societal values. What was once created in light of fears of overwhelming government control and loss of freedoms is now written using new threats that are even less in our control.

We face new realities such as dangerous pandemics, climate change, and resource depletion, and this new surge in the supply of bleak worlds that has flooded the shelves of book stores is meant to reflect these fears of our society. Our culture's obsessive consumption and addiction to technology inspires environments with altered climates in a near distant future that are no longer limited to science fiction. This use of climatic change as a literary theme shows a shift in our society's paradigm of thought that is beginning to not only understand the urgency of the problem at hand, but also accept its power over our lives.

Among these dystopian novels is the popular *The Bone Clocks* by David Mitchell, which shows this dystopian realism through his brilliant storytelling. The novel begins in 1984, and continues through the next few decades through war and into an era where fossil fuels are dwindling and humans are struggling to survive. In *Station Eleven*, a novel written by St. John Mandel, humanity has been wiped out by a deadly flu

34. The passage is mainly about _____.
- ① the hereditary and environmental factors of cancer
 - ② the new finding of recent cancer research
 - ③ cancer as a no-longer fatal disease
 - ④ different emotional responses of cancer patients

35. Choose the best one for the blank.

- ① encouraging ② boring
- ③ tricky ④ scary

36. Which of the following is true, according to the researchers?

- ① In the near future, with the help of medical researches most cancers can be predicted and prevented.
- ② Individuals are largely responsible for their getting stricken with cancer.
- ③ In order to avoid getting cancer, emphasis should be put on prevention rather than on diagnostic tests.
- ④ Cancers are more prone to be triggered by chance than by deterministic factors.

[37-40] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Men have for millennia destroyed each other, but the deeds of Attila the Hun, Genghis Khan, Napoleon (who introduced mass killings in war), even the Armenian massacres, pale into insignificance before the Russian Revolution and its aftermath: the oppression, torture, murder which can be laid at the doors of Lenin, Stalin, Hitler, Mao, Pol Pot. They were not natural disasters, but preventable human crimes, and whatever those who believe in historical determinism may think, they could have been averted.

They were not caused by the ordinary negative human sentiments - fear, greed, tribal hatreds, jealousy, love of power - though, of course, these have played their wicked part. They have been caused, in our time, by ideas; or rather, by one particular idea. It is _____ that Karl Marx, who looked down on the importance of ideas in comparison with impersonal social and economic forces, caused the transformation of the twentieth century by his writings. The German poet Heine, in one of his famous writings, told us not to underestimate the quiet philosopher sitting in his study; if Kant had not undone theology, he declared, Robespierre might not have cut off the head of the King of France.

He predicted that the armed disciples of the German philosophers - Fichte, Schelling, and the other fathers of German nationalism - would one day destroy the great monuments of Western Europe in a wave of fanatical destruction before which the French Revolution would seem child's play. Heine's central idea seems to me valid: in a debased form, the Nazi ideology did have roots in German anti-Enlightenment thought. There are men who will kill and maim with a tranquil conscience under the influence of the words and writings of some of those who are certain that perfection can be reached.

If you are truly convinced that there is some solution to all human problems, that one can conceive an ideal society which men can reach if only they do what is necessary to attain it, then you and your followers must

believe that no price can be too high to pay in order to open the gates of such a paradise. Only the stupid and malevolent will resist once certain simple truths are put to them. Those who resist must be persuaded; if they cannot be persuaded, laws must be passed to restrain them; if that does not work, then coercion will inevitably have to be used - if necessary, terror, slaughter. Lenin believed this after reading *Das Kapital*, and consistently taught that if a just, peaceful, free, virtuous society could be created by the means he advocated, then the end justified any methods that needed to be used.

The root conviction which underlies this is that the central questions of human life have one true answer which can be discovered. It can and must be implemented, and those who have found it are the leaders whose word is law. The idea that to all genuine questions there can be only one true answer is a very old philosophical notion. The great Athenian philosophers, Jews and Christians, the thinkers of the Renaissance and the Paris of Louis XIV, the French radical reformers of the eighteenth century, the revolutionaries of the nineteenth - however much they differed about what the answer was or how to discover it (and bloody wars were fought over this) - were all convinced that they knew the answer, and that only human vice and stupidity could obstruct its realization.

37. The passage is mainly about _____.

- ① the historical vestige of the twentieth century Europe
- ② the Russian Revolution as the greatest tragedy of human history
- ③ human folly lurking in the backdoors of tragic events
- ④ ideology as a driving force of historical catastrophes

38. Choose the best one for the blank.

- ① predictable ② paradoxical
- ③ problematic ④ plausible

39. Which of the following is NOT true, according to the passage?

- ① The special thing about the Russian Revolution and its aftermath is that they were not so much caused by negative human sentiments as by ideas.
- ② It should be noted that philosophers have played a significant role directly or indirectly in making up the course of world history.
- ③ The idea that all human problems can be solved by finding out the right answer was originated in German philosophical tradition.
- ④ Historically, behind the scenes of massacre lay the ideology that a perfect society can be realized by removing human vice and stupidity.

40. The writer of the passage asserts that _____.

- ① human beings cannot help waging disastrous wars against each other.
- ② sometimes a philosopher's idea can change the main current of human history.
- ③ history has a deterministic factor in that it is destined to follow a certain course.
- ④ there can be one true answer to serious questions that man faces in a daily basis.