# 가톨릭대학교 2024학년도 편입학 영어 A형

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## 2024학년도 가톨릭대학교 편입학 시험 문제지

## 영 어 (A형)

[1-5] 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 표현을 고르시오.	8. Recent studies have shown that pesticides can affect human brainwave activity and, loss of memory, and inability
1. Plenty of people feel a moral obligation to their	to concentrate.
own greenhouse gas emissions to mitigate climate change.	① irritate ② irritability
① tout ② curb	3 cause irritability 4 cause of irritability
③ ignite ④ expedite	
2. The museum is in a financially position due to a sharp decline in visitor numbers and reduced government funding.	9. Ecology is not a single domain but rather a synthesis of various ecological subfields and specialties from different scientific disciplines, all of which share the common goal of understanding the interactions between organisms and
① precarious ② precocious	their environments.
③ preposterous ④ presumptuous	① stem ② stems ③ stemming ④ stemmed
3. Studies show that some personality traits are fairly stable but	
others are enough to go through some changes as we	10. In less than a century, once-thriving ecosystems have
age.	become deserts, and consequently, cod, one of the world's
① inherent ② malleable	favorite fish, extinction; in fact, at the collapsed
3 provocative 4 versatile	fishery in Newfoundland, up to 810,000 tons of cod that were historically caught each year missing.
4. Pointing fingers at each other or gesticulating angrily provokes more, and the ensuing emotional violence envelops you both in a dance of destruction.  ① elation ② groove ③ animosity ④ serenity	<ol> <li>nearing - go</li> <li>was near - went</li> <li>has neared - is gone</li> <li>is nearing - have gone</li> </ol>
·	[11-20] 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 표현을 고르시오.
5. As an independent third party, the Pope would, on occasion,	
be asked to disputes between kingdoms.	11. Enclosure refers to the division or consolidation of
<ul><li>① proliferate</li><li>② deliberate</li><li>③ obliterate</li><li>④ arbitrate</li></ul>	communal fields, meadows, pastures, and other arable lands in western Europe. This process transforms the lands into meticulously outlined farm plots that are individually owned and
[6-10] 빈칸에 들어갈 어법에 맞는 표현을 고르시오.	managed—like in the modern times. Before enclosure, much farmland existed in the form of numerous, dispersed strips under the control of individual cultivators only during the growing
6. Established politicians may find it necessary to embrace	season and until harvesting was completed for a given year.
data-driven campaigning strategies favor messages	Thereafter, and until the next growing season, the land was
echoing the existing conviction of voters.	To enclose land was to put a hedge or fence around
① what ② which	a portion of this open land and thus prevent the exercise of
3 where 4 whose	common grazing and other rights over it.
7. A study found that learners who stop and ask themselves if they are going about goal pursuit in the most efficient way possible greater progress toward their goals.	left fallow to rejuvenate the soil for the next planting season     preserved for private uses of landowners with exclusive rights to it     carefully managed for farmland wildlife restoration and habitat conservation

at the disposal of the community for grazing by village

livestock and other purposes

2 reported

4 reporting

① reports

3 to report

- 12. All leaders are directed and inspired as much by their readings as they are by their closest advisers. Thus, the book choices a leader makes can be crucial. As with all things touching on leadership, the books that work for one leader may not work for another. Failing to make conscious choices about what to read is one of the worst things a leader can do. It's far better for leaders to make their own mistakes than it is to permit best-seller lists, editors, or literary critics to make leaders' choices for them. No leaders worth their salt would let outsiders choose their chief lieutenants for them, and by the same token leaders shouldn't let someone else choose their books. In reading, as in so many other areas, \_\_\_\_\_\_ is an essential prerequisite for effective leadership and for avoiding the most pernicious and lasting forms of failure.
  - ① cultivating one's ability to empathize
  - 2 maintaining one's intellectual independence
  - 3 educating oneself about a wide variety of topics
  - 4 allowing others to get involved in decision-making
- 13. Many fathers and mothers express a sense of betrayal, feeling let down by their children's perceived lack of availability or responsiveness, particularly when they've provided a life they see as enviable compared with their own childhoods. Parents expect a reciprocal bond of kinship in which their years of parenting will be repaid with later closeness. However, this expectation of reciprocity often goes unmet in a time when \_\_\_\_\_\_. If providing shelter, food, and clothing is deemed sufficient, then gratitude to parents seems warranted, regardless of how one's life unfolds. On the other hand, if parents are expected to cultivate the happiness of their adult children, the latter may, justly or not, hold their parents accountable for any unhappiness they experience.
  - ① the parameters of parenting are ambiguous
  - 2 economic hardships hinder forming personal bonds
  - 3 generational gap has driven parents and children apart
  - 4 family value is regarded as the most important social virtue
- 14. Singapore is now the communications and financial hub of Southeast Asia as well as a thriving high-tech manufacturing center. The Singaporean government has played an active role in the development process but has also allowed market forces freedom to operate. Singapore has encouraged investment by multinational companies (especially those involved in technology) and has itself invested heavily in housing, education, and some social services. This system \_\_\_\_\_\_. The government is able to manipulate the election process, ensuring that the opposition never holds more than a few seats in parliament. While many Singaporeans object to such a situation, others counter that the system has brought fast growth as well as a clean, safe, and remarkably corruption-free society.
  - ① is far from fully democratic
  - 2 pursues inclusive governance
  - 3 seeks transparency in election
  - 4 is resistant to political regulation

- 15. Public eye behavior in the U.S. is considerably more restricted than in other parts of the world. In the U.S., staring openly at someone in a public place is considered rude and an infringement on his or her privacy. Instead, Americans practice what Erving Goffman refers to as "civil inattention," a very subtle practice whereby people give others just enough eye contact to \_\_\_\_\_\_ their presence but at the next moment withdraw that eye contact so they are not singled out as an object of particular \_\_\_\_\_. When two people are walking toward each other, civil inattention permits eye contact up to approximately eight feet before the eyes are cast downward as they pass—as Erving Goffman puts it, "a kind of dimming of light."
  - 1 feel resistance
- 2 reveal attention
- ③ impose interest
- 4 acknowledge curiosity
- 16. Why does man create art? Surely one reason is an irresistible urge to adorn himself and decorate the world around him. Art is, however, much more than decoration, for it is laden with meaning. Art enables us to communicate our understanding in ways that cannot be expressed otherwise. Truly a picture is worth a thousand words, not only in its descriptive value but also in its symbolic significance. In art, man We must think of art not in terms of everyday prose but as poetry, which is free to rearrange conventional vocabulary and syntax in order to articulate novel, often multiple meanings and moods. A painting likewise suggests much more than it states. And like a poem, the value of art lies equally in what it says and how it says. It does so partly by implying meanings through allegory, pose, facial expressions and the like or by evoking them through the visual elements: line, form, color, and composition.
  - ① is subject to the burden of his genius and personality
  - 2 works with materials that have little or no shape of their own
- 3 is an inventor of symbols who conveys complex thoughts in new ways
- demonstrates his unique power of finding the hidden aspects of nature
- 17. Much powerful writing is rooted in firsthand experience. Drawing on personal experience gives a special, authentic touch to the discussion of larger issues. When we read about gender roles or the immigrant experience, we assume that the writer knows the subject at first hand. While reading about affirmative action, we want to know whether the author can say: "I was there"—as a target, a beneficiary, a witness, or a close, caring observer. We want to see what theories or statistics mean to the lives of people the author has known or observed. Words are just words until \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - ① we can relate them to the experience of someone involved
  - ② we can see their relevance in the broader scope of society
- 3 they align with our own perspectives and understanding
- 4 we interpret their meanings in the context of authentic history

18. In the realm of urban planning, there is an ongoing and intricate discourse about the most effective approach to shaping the development of cities. Advocates for a laissez-faire model contend that cities should grow organically based on market demands, allowing market forces to guide the evolution of urban landscapes. However, urban experts hold a contrasting view, arguing that such an approach is not without pitfalls. For instance, the rapid expansion of metropolitan areas like Beijing and Mumbai, where uncontrolled urban sprawl, driven solely by market forces, has resulted in infrastructural challenges, environmental degradation, and unequal access to resources. This exemplifies how spontaneous urban growth \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- ① may lead to homogenization of the city's cultural landscapes
- ② often results in developments that fall short of meeting market needs
- ③ ensures equitable distribution of resources and promotes sustainability
- 4 might lead to unintended consequences and hinder sustainable development

19. Platforms have become an arena for viral anonymous speech. This type of speech spreads partly through "bots", automated programs that communicate directly with users, which lowers the accountability costs for sharing false information and manipulated content. It deprives voters of valuable information to judge the credibility of the messages directed at them. Platforms gather an unprecedented amount of intrusive data on people's backgrounds, interests, and choices, which allows campaigns to "microtarget" advertising, such as by sending one set of messages to older white male voters and another to young African American women. The practice drives profits for the platforms, but \_\_\_\_\_. Political operatives may deploy microtargeting for negative messaging intended to depress voter turnout. The platforms' design may encourage extremism and offer voters additional worrisome content similar to what they or their social media friends have chosen. Those who can control platform content may help one candidate and hurt another.

- ① it fails to reach a wider circle of citizens
- ② it can also fuel polarization and political manipulation
- 3 it may result in unintended discrimination against minority groups
- it hardly brings like-minded people together for election campaigns

20. By the turn of the 20th century, summertime became further embedded in American popular culture as advertisers used the season as a way of promoting their products, often with themes of nostalgia and romance. For example, Kodak attracted customers with a campaign that solidified their cameras as essential tools for telling "the story of a summer vacation." In addition, the rise of unionization combined with overcrowded cities led urban planners to begin developing leisure activities for the working class. For example, in New York City, Coney Island and Jones Beach became popular spots for urban workers, who benefited from changes won by labor unions for "8 hours

for work, 8 hours for sleep, 8 hours for what we will." Yet, even when summer excursions to the beach began making waves through American culture, many working-class black people traveled to the nation's growing beach resorts \_\_\_\_\_. As reported by *The Chicago Defender*, the number of black men and women traveling as wait-staff, butlers, and porters was high.

- ① for social status advancement
- 2 to diversify their vacation hubs
- 3 to satisfy their longing for nature
- 4 as employees rather than as guests

[21-30] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

21. Victorians linked cleanliness to ideas of morality and respectability. The new science of microbes only intensified the Victorian preoccupation with tackling germs, which they now knew could lurk out of sight. (A) In September 1888, the Aberdeen Evening Express reported that 13 people had been poisoned by carbolic acid in one incident—five died. (B) Chemical cleaning products to eradicate dirt and disease were heavily advertised and highly effective, but their toxic ingredients, like carbolic acid, were contained in bottles and packages that were indistinguishable from other household products. (C) Only in 1902 did the Pharmacy Act make it illegal for bottles of dangerous chemicals to be similar in shape to ordinary liquids. (D) Boxes of caustic soda and baking powder could easily be mistaken.

Q: Which order works best for the flow of the passage?

- ① (A) (B) (C) (D) ② (A) (B) (D) (C) ③ (B) (C) (A) (D) ④ (B) (D) (A) (C)
- 22. Research has made it clear that the effectiveness of helping is an essential reinforcer. For example, take a study that asked participants to donate to one of two different charities: UNICEF and Spread the Net. The UNICEF appeal was relatively general and abstract, because UNICEF is a large organization that funds a variety of children's health-care initiatives. While a donation to UNICEF would clearly benefit children in need, it was unclear to donors exactly who would benefit and how. The Spread the Net appeal, in contrast, was more concrete and descriptive. It explained that it would use the funds to buy bed nets to stop the spread of malaria in regions of the world where it was endemic. The study suggests that potential donors are more inclined to help when they can clearly see the tangible results their efforts will bring.

Q: What is the main implication of the passage?

- ① People tend to donate more when they see the immediate impact of their contributions.
- Spread the Net is more effective than UNICEF in using donations for children in need.
- When making a donation, it is important to research and understand the charity's cause.
- ④ It is crucial for all charities to maintain transparency in their management of donations.

23. Sometimes adults think that certain children don't care about learning or doing well, particularly in school. However, it is important to verify that the children have the competence to do what is asked. Sometimes children want to follow instructions but lack the ability. Ross Greene, a clinical child psychologist, pointed out that kids do well if they can, but many adults believe that kids only do well if they want to. Thus, there is a common belief that if kids are doing poorly, it is because they lack motivation and don't want to do well rather than because they lack necessary skills. This leads adults to reward and punish rather than teach. They may say that the children just want attention, want their own way, have a bad attitude, and are not motivated. Greene listed things that children might have trouble with such as understanding instruction, handling transitions, keeping track of time, and maintaining focus. Rather than punishing them for something they cannot do, it would be better to figure out what the problem is.

#### Q: What is the main idea of the passage?

- ① Improving children's school performance begins with assessing their essential skills.
- ② Determining the aptitude of each child is crucial for customized education.
- 3 Rewards, not punishments, are more effective in shaping children's behavior.
- Motivating children is an essential prerequisite for their continued learning.

24. Whales and dolphins, collectively known as cetaceans, are very social animals like humans. In the wild, generally coastal waters or the open sea, they live in loosely to highly structured groups known as pods. Typically, the pods are composed of nuclear and extended family members with whom they interact for prolonged periods of time or for life. For example, orcas, the largest members of the dolphin family, live in tightly knit maternal groups consisting of the mother, her adult sons, her adult daughters, and her daughters' offspring, all of whom bond for life. These relationships are so exacting that each pod has its own distinct dialect by which it communicates. Some researchers believe the orca may be the most socially bonded species on the planet. When individual oreas are captured, the entire social pattern of the group is destroyed. Often members not targeted for capture are either injured or killed in the process. Placing newly acquired specimens in confinement with more seasoned residents results in a totally abnormal and artificial social structure.

Q: According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?

- ① Oreas form close-knit maternal pods with multiple generations of family.
- There are distinct dialects used by different orca families.
- 3 Capturing an individual orca can pose risks to non-targeted pod members.
- ④ Introducing newly acquired orcas to existing captives improves social integration.

25. In grocery stores and drugstores, it's common to encounter an aisle filled with various "air freshener" products. From scented candles to "fresh-smelling" sprays and "natural" plug-in air diffusers, marketing encourages us to use these products to mask unpleasant odors and create a pleasant home fragrance. (A) However, a significant issue arises as these products typically contain a range of chemicals that, when released, may directly impact our health, including our brain health. (B) Air freshening products are loaded with molecules known as "volatile organic compounds" or VOCs, which are potent air pollutants and include recognized carcinogens like formaldehyde and benzene. (C) In a 30-year-old study, researchers showed that plants could cut down VOCs in small airtight containers, which led consumers to overestimate the value of their houseplants. (D) Furthermore, scented candles and aerosol sprays may release elevated levels of particulate matter, known as a brain toxin. If you opt to freshen your air, consider simmering spices and herbs in water on your stove. Additionally, seek out unscented cleaning supplies and candles.

Q: Which of the following should be deleted for the flow of the passage?

(B)

(D)

① (A) ③ (C)

26. Scientific studies have revealed that the drive to play is a biologically hard-wired tool, common to nearly all mammals. Play triggers the activation of the brain's reward centers, leading to the release of feel-good chemicals such as dopamine and oxytocin, as well as powerful neural growth factors that support learning and mental flexibility. It induces a drop in stress hormones, uplifts mood, and brings about an energizing effect. An often underestimated aspect of play is its impact on cognition. Researchers have observed that animals engaged in play go through a sequence of actions that are frequently more random, chaotic, and variable than serious real-life events. This activity requires improvisation, creativity, adaptability in the face of uncertainty. In essence, play serves as a training ground, preparing individuals to expect the unexpected and adapt with aplomb.

- Q. What is the main point of the passage?
  - Delay is a universal trait found in almost all mammals.
  - ② Play enhances cognitive abilities as well as emotional well-being.
  - 3 Play helps the brain to release chemicals which facilitate neural growth.
  - The impact of play on brain health has been a controversial topic in science.

27. Botanists caution that the surge in demand for succulents, particularly in Asia, poses a threat to crucial and rare species. Dr. Cornelia Klak, highlighting the insatiable appetite for these plants in the Asian market, expresses concern about the collecting mania that has intensified during lockdowns, jeopardizing succulent populations that can thrive for up to a century. What's alarming is the indiscriminate uprooting of these plants, with local collectors neglecting their age and depleting entire populations, including the venerable, long-standing ones. Given that South Africa harbors approximately one-third of the world's succulent species, experts warn that this trend may lead to irreversible losses of these natural wonders. The spike in houseplant demand during the peak of the COVID-19 pandemic further exacerbated the situation, with indoor gardening driving a remarkable 500% sales increase for plant retailers in the U.K.

Q: What is the best title for the passage?

- ① Succulents Lead a Global Boom of Indoor Gardening
- ② Causes of Plant Sales Spike in the Times of COVID-19
- 3 Succulent Mania: Rising Appetite and Conservation Concerns
- 4 Asian Succulent Craze: A Boon for South African Economy

28. Games offer players the chance to make quick decisions in low-risk settings, allowing them to see the impact of their choices and try again if needed, fostering valuable life skills. Teachers can incorporate role-playing games in the classroom to help students inhabit different perspectives within holistic systems of thought, prompting students to think about their own agency as they weigh possibilities and contemplate alternative plans of action. In the virtual game "Alba: A Wildlife Adventure," for example, players launch mini-missions where they discover and protect species of endangered animals. Though students might not consider themselves conservationists or adventurers during gameplay, the low-risk setting can encourage them to reflect on the larger-scale impacts they could have in the real world. As a follow-up activity, students could conduct further research on animals they encountered or even take local nature walks to identify smaller ecosystems of local wildlife.

#### Q: What is the topic of the passage?

- Tech-driven approaches to enhancing environmental awareness among students
- Advantages and challenges of implementing games in educational settings
- 3 Beneficial impact of role-playing games on students' intellectual growth
- Warious educational game types and their unique learning benefits
- 29. Some people think of marketing management as finding enough customers for the company's current output. But this view is too limited. Marketing management is not concerned with serving all customers in every way. Instead, marketers want to serve selected customers that they can serve well and profitably. A company has a desired level of demand for its

products. At any point in time, there may be no demand, adequate demand, irregular demand, or too much demand. Marketing management must find ways to deal with these different demand states. It may be concerned not only with finding and increasing but also with changing or even reducing demand. For example, Yosemite National Park is badly overcrowded in the summer. Poor companies sometimes have trouble meeting demand during peak usage periods. In these cases of excess demand, demarketing may be required to reduce the number of customers. Thus, marketing management seeks to affect the types of customers served and the level, timing, and nature of their demand in a way that helps companies achieve their objectives.

O: What is the main point of the passage?

- ① Demarketing strategies are particularly useful in times of recession.
- ② Marketing management should broadly cover management of demand changes.
- Marketing success depends on targeting the right consumer segment for a product.
- ④ Attracting additional customers should be the top priority in an ever-evolving market.

30. Sudan faces some of the most daunting political issues in North Africa. Some cut across religious divides while others seem to focus more on ethnic and racial differences within the country. A Sunni Islamist state since a military coup in 1989, Sudan imposed Islamic law across the country and in the process antagonized moderate Sunni Muslims as well as the nation's large non-Muslim (mostly Christian and animist) population in the south. A long civil war between the Muslims north and the Christian and animist south also proved disastrous, producing more than 2 million casualties, mostly in the south, in the past 20 years. Although the carnage in the south has lessened since 2001 (a tentative peace agreement was signed in 2004), a newer conflict erupted in the Darfur region in the western portion of the country. Ethnicity, race, and control of territory seem to be at the center of the struggle in the largely Muslim region as a well-armed Arab-led militia group has attacked hundreds of black-populated villages, killing over 200,000 people and driving 2.5 million more from their homes.

Q: According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?

- The causes of conflict in Sudan are complex beyond religious issues.
- ② The severity of damage has been stronger in the south than in the north.
- 3 Casualties increased in the south due to a conflict in the Darfur region.
- An Arab-led militia group is responsible for the massive killings of blacks.

#### [31-32] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Reversing climate change requires massive societal change. Most often, we look to two sources to drive these large-scale behavioral changes—top-down levers created and enforced by regulatory bodies or bottom-up actions voluntarily engaged in and promoted by individual consumers. Both of these methods have severe limitations related to large-scale changes. For a recent example, consider the controversy over plastic straws. In order to eliminate this waste from consumption, policy makers could ban the use of straws in restaurants and retail environments. These bans are slow and controversial. Another option would be social marketing initiatives focused on discouraging use at the consumer level. Each consumer could be educated on the impact of the choice related to the affected sea life and amount of waste, and each time confronted with the option to resist its use. This type of consistent action due to "drop in the bucket" perceptions and puts the responsibility each time on the consumer in the face of choice overload and competing motivations. Alternatively, meso-level initiatives, such as voluntary brand responses, can drive societal change more effectively. Numerous brands like Starbucks, Alaska Airlines, and McDonald's voluntarily ceased to offer disposable straws. While each level has its pros and cons, brand-level action is certainly more scalable than the individual level and more flexible and innovative than the policy level.

- 31. What is the best expression for the blank?
  - ① is arduous and demotivating
  - 2 can be laborious but rewarding
  - 3 often goes unnoticed and unappreciated
  - 4 may appear minor but is surely impactful
- 32. What is the best title for the passage?
  - ① How Does Sustainability Increase Brand Value?
  - 2 Green Business: How the Environment Impacts Business
  - Small Actions Can Make Big Differences on Climate Change!
  - 4 Unique Role of For-Profit Brands: Bridging the Gap in Climate Action

#### [33-35] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

A group of multi-national scientists have used gene-splicing techniques to create an extraordinary tomato. It contains levels of antioxidants 200 percent higher than unmodified tomatoes. When fed to highly cancer-susceptible mice, the tomatoes significantly extended the mice's lifespan. These studies have received wide attention, but an equally momentous achievement of genetic modification has been largely ignored for almost a decade. That innovation is Golden Rice, a collection of new rice varieties that is bio-fortified, or enriched, by genes that express beta-carotene, the precursor of vitamin A, which is converted in the body, as needed, to the active form.

In developing countries, 200-300 million children are at risk of vitamin A deficiency, which can be devastating and even fatal. It increases susceptibility to common childhood infections such as measles and diarrhoeal diseases, and is the single most important cause of childhood blindness in developing countries. Golden Rice could save hundreds of thousands of lives every year and enhance the quality of life for millions more.

But one aspect of this shining story is \_\_\_\_\_\_. Intransigent opposition by anti-science, anti-technology activists Greenpeace, Friends of the Earth, and a few other groups has spurred already risk-averse regulators to adopt an overly cautious approach that has approvals.

Nine years after its creation, despite its vast potential to benefit humanity, Golden Rice remains hung up in regulatory red tape, with no end in sight. There is absolutely nothing about Golden Rice that should require endless case-by-case reviews and bureaucratic dithering. By contrast, plants constructed with less precise techniques generally are subject to no government scrutiny or requirements (or opposition from activists) at all. The Golden Rice story makes it clear that we do not yet have the will and the wisdom to make that happen.

- 33. What are the best expressions for the blanks?
- 1 veiled withheld
- 2 tarnished stalled
- 3 distorted prompted
- 4 overestimated triggered
- 34. What is the best title for the passage?
- 1 Leaders of the New Green Revolution
- ② Are Genetically Modified Food Safe?
- 3 A Squandered Golden Opportunity
- 4 New Wrinkles in Plant Research
- 35. According to the passage, which of the following is true?
  - Golden Rice has been recognized as widely as genetically modified tomatoes.
  - ② Golden Rice is a newly developed grain that has the potential to help cure cancers.
  - 3 The approval of Golden Rice is imminent due to accumulating evidence of safety.
  - ④ Golden Rice's potential is being hamstrung by misguided legislation and backward thinking.

#### [36-37] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The Goth subculture first took root in the U.K. in the 1980s, when bands such as The Cure and Bauhaus became increasingly popular. It soon evolved to become more than a musical movement. Goths typically favoured black clothes and dark, often crimped hair; many sported long coats, corsets and chokers. What connection do these Goths have to the people who helped forge medieval Europe? Those historical Goths were a Germanic people who migrated across the continent, building kingdoms and sometimes fighting against established powers such as the Romans. Today, ancient Goths are seen as the archetype of anti-classicalism. When the Gothic leader Alaric I sacked Rome in AD 410, it was a hugely symbolic moment in the fall of the classical world. The word 'Gothic' has been a label for the non-classical ever since. The modern Goth subculture also leans on that symbolic frame of reference of the 'other'. The word 'vandal', the name of another Germanic tribe that spread across Europe from the fifth century, has also been co-opted by today's Goths, though 'vandal' has such specific connotations that no one wants to use that term to describe themselves. Goth counterculture is not inherently destructive there's no throwing around bins or breaking windows. Being a Goth is just a determined choice to be 'other'. In that sense, modern Goth culture is almost an extension of the symbolic and metaphorical legacy of the ancient Goths.

#### 36. What is the topic of the passage?

- ① Symbolic connection from ancient Goths to modern counterculture
- 2 Unveiling the etymological roots of popular modern Goth terms
- 3 New insights into ancient conflicts between Romans and Goths
- 4 Musical traditions inherited by the Gothic subculture

#### 37. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?

- ① The ancient Goths' conquest of Rome marked the decline of classical influence.
- ② Modern Goths have adopted 'vandal' as a self-identifying label.
- 3 Modern Goths typically distance themselves from historical Gothic associations.
- The modern Goth subculture embraces a sense of otherness as a distinctive choice.

[38-40] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The New York State Office for the Aging recently announced plans to distribute 'robot companions' to more than 800 older adults in the state. The plan aims to battle social isolation by providing older adults with robots (A) that can initiate conversations, play games and provide general support. Social isolation can be a problem for some people as they get older and experience reduced mobility or live away from family members and friends. For some, the COVID-19 pandemic has exacerbated experiences of isolation and loneliness. At the forefront of the innovative approach to (B) resolving these issues is ElliQ, a smart speaker with a moving 'head' that turns to face the human speaker and lights up when talking. Featuring artificial intelligence, ElliQ is designed to provide support for older adults living alone. ElliQ also has a proactive ability to engage users in small talk. It appears to show 'empathy', can suggest activities and reminds people (C) to take medication or attend appointments. It's accompanied by a touchscreen that allows video calls to friends and family. While the New York State Office for the Aging highlights the positive impact of ElliQ, acknowledging approximately 20 daily interactions between users and the robot, the introduction of robotic companionship . Some people worry about replacing human love and care with robot 'care'. Others worry that robot companions might deceive people about the fact that they are merely machines, not conscious beings. Additionally, privacy concerns emerge as the use of social robots involves the collection of personal data, (D) raise questions about the balance between technological advancements and safeguarding individual

- 38. Which of the following is NOT grammatically correct?
- ① (A)

② (B)

③ (C)

- 4 (D)
- 39. What is the best expression for the blank?
- ① sparks a debate on its ethical implications
- 2 spurs much enthusiasm and positive reception
- 3 leads to debates on its practicality and necessity
- 4 provokes unanimous rejection and moral outrage
- 40. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true about ElliO?
  - ① It can engage in verbal conversations with humans.
  - ② It is designed to help people cope with the challenges of social isolation.
  - 3 It can help its users to remember their appointment times.
  - 4 It has yet to reach a stage of development where it can make video calls.